

Eating for Heart Health

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Today's Agenda

- The Scoop on Fats/Oils
- The Scoop on Fruits/Vegetables
- Quality Carbohydrates
- Recipe Rehab
- Healthy Meal Planning

Presentation posted on www.foth.com/benefits





The Scoop on Fats

Provides the most calories per gram of food

• 9 kcals/gram

Helps our body absorb fat soluble vitamins

A, D, E and K

Precursor to many important hormones

Testosterone, etc.

Immune system function





Knowledge Check

Can you name one source of healthy fat?







Go Fats

(choose more often)



- ✓ Nuts (almonds, walnuts, etc.)
- ✓ Seeds (sunflower, pumpkin, flax, chia, hemp, etc.)
- √ Fish or seafood (non-breaded)
- √ Farm fresh eggs
- ✓ Avocados
- ✓ Hummus
- ✓ Olive oil, avocado oil or canola oil
- ✓ Butter made with olive oil
- ✓ Peanut butter or almond butter





Saturated Fat

Nutrition Facts

Serving Size 4 oz. (113g) Servings Per Container 4

Amount	Per	Serving
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Calories 280 Calories from Fat 130

% Daily Value*

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Total Fat 14g	22%
Saturated Fat 3.5g	18%
Trans Fat 2.5g	80
Cholesterol 120mg	40%
Sodium 640mg	27%
Total Carbohydrate 13g	4%
Dietary Fiber 1g	4%
Sugars 0g	55

Protein 24g

Vitamin A 2%	 Vitamin C 2% 	
Calcium 2%	 Iron 6% 	

*Percent Daily Values are based on a 2,000 calorie diet. Your daily values may be higher or lower depending on your calorie needs:

37 97 NEW	Calories	2,000	2,500
Total Fat	Less Than	65g	80g
Saturated Fat	Less Than	20g	25g
Cholesterol	Less Than	300mg	300 mg
Sodium	Less Than	2,400mg	2,400mg
Total Carbohydra	ate	300g	375g
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g

Calories per gram:

Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4 • Protein 4



Foods high in saturated fat: fast food, pizza, fried food, butter, cream, ice cream, fatty and processed meats, cheese, bakery goods, shortening.



Saturated Fat

Saturated fat is a part of the total fat. This fat raises LDL cholesterol.

Guideline:

•5-6% daily calories

•~11-13 grams/day





Whoa Fats

(choose less often)



- ✓ Fried foods (French fries, chips, etc.)
- √ Fast Food
- ✓ Flavored coffee drinks (cappuccino)
- ✓ Cakes, brownies, cookies, pies, etc.
- ✓ Ice cream, malts, etc.
- ✓ Greasy burgers, brats, hot dogs
- ✓ Bacon, sausage
- ✓ Pizza with pepperoni or sausage
- ✓ Dressing (mayo, Ranch, Alfredo, etc.)





Reducing Saturated Fat

Cut back on high fat red meats (rib meats, bacon, etc.).

- Go lean (loin, tenderloin, round cuts, 90/10 ground meats, etc.)
- Aim for 2 times per week or less for red meat



Choose more reduced fat dairy products.

• Milk, yogurt, cheese, etc.

Be mindful of your butter portions.

• 1 tsp. = 1 serving



Limit fried food and fast food weekly.

Reduce to 1 time per week or less







The Scoop on Oils

Saturated Monounsaturated **Polyunsaturated** Nuts Fish & Seafood Butter Coconut oil Sardines Olives Palm kernel oil Olive oil Flax seeds Palm oil Peanut butter Chia seeds Avocados Hemp seeds Soybeans **Less Often More Often**



Coconut Oil

Pros:

- Handles high heat cooking
- Contains some medium-chain triglycerides
- Appears to raise HDL cholesterol



Cons:

- High in saturated fat
- Raises LDL cholesterol
- Minimal evidence supporting weight loss

Bottom Line: Don't replace all oils with coconut oil.

Choose a variety of fats/oils weekly. (Mostly unsaturated)





Palm & Palm Kernel Oil

Found in many processed foods

• Granola bars, crackers, cookies, cakes, regular peanut butter, cereals

Likely okay to consume in moderation

Palm oil is more ideal than palm kernel oil

High in saturated fat

- Palm oil = ~50% saturated fat
- Palm kernel oil = ~80% saturated fat

Can add up quickly in our diet







Trans Fat

Nutrition Facts Serving Size 4 oz. (113g) Servings Per Container 4

Amount Per Serving

Calories 280 Calories from Fat 130

% Daily Value

Total Fat 14g	22%
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 Cholesterol 120mg
 40%

 Sodium 640mg
 27%

Total Carbohydrate 13g 4%
Dietary Fiber 1g 4%

Sugars 0g

Protein 24g
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Total Carbohydra	ate	300g	375g
Dietary Fiber		25g	30g

Calories per gram:

Fat 9 • Carbohydrate 4 • Protein 4



Foods high in trans fat: stick margarine, deep-fried foods, baked goods, chips, cake mixes



Trans Fat

Keep this

number as

close to zero as

you can.



Avoiding Trans Fat

Hydrogenated oil = Trans fat ⊗





The Scoop on Fruits & Vegetables





Typical American Diet

Often deficient in potassium.

Average potassium consumption ~2600 mg/day.

Recommended potassium intake 4700 mg/day.







Fruits & Veggies

Rich in vitamins, minerals, and antioxidants

- Strengthen the immune system
- Anti-inflammatory nutrients



Source of fiber

Lowers cholesterol

Excellent source of potassium

- Reduces muscle cramping
- Allows muscles to relax



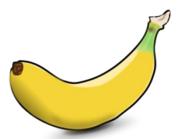




Potassium Powerhouses

- ✓ Banana, medium (425 mg)
- √ 1/2 cup broccoli (230 mg)
- √ 1/2 avocado (490 mg)
- √ 1/2 cup beans (595 mg)
- √ 1 cup low-fat milk (390 mg)
- √ 1 cup yogurt (300-400 mg)
- √ 1 oz. nuts (200 mg)
- √ 1 medium potato (900 mg)
- √ 1 medium tomato (290 mg)
- √ 1 cup leafy greens (300-700 mg)















Planning Fruit & Vegetables

Include a fruit or vegetable at each main meal.



Vary your selections (colors) each week

- Choose at least 3 different types weekly (different nutrients)
 - Example: apples, bananas, cherries, broccoli, cauliflower, carrots

Aim for 2-3 servings of fruit and 3 or more servings of non-starchy vegetables daily.

What Equals a Serving?

- 1 cup of fresh vegetables (broccoli, carrots, etc.)
- 2 cups leafy greens (lettuce, spinach, kale, etc.)
- 1/2 cup cooked vegetables
- ~1 cup of fruit or 1 medium piece of fruit













Non-Starchy Vegetables

Artichoke hearts

Asparagus

Bamboo shoots

Beans, green, wax or string

Bean sprouts

Beets

Brussels sprouts

Broccoli

Cabbage

Bok choy

Carrots

Cauliflower

Celery

Chayote

Coleslaw (no dressing)

Baby corn

Cucumber

Eggplant

Greens, collard, kale, mustard, turnip

Jicama

Kohlrabi

Leeks

Mushrooms

Okra

Onions

Pea pods

Peppers

Radishes

Rutabaga

Salad greens

Sprouts

Sugar snap peas

Swiss chard

Tomato

Turnips

Water chestnuts

Zucchini





Quality Carbohydrates



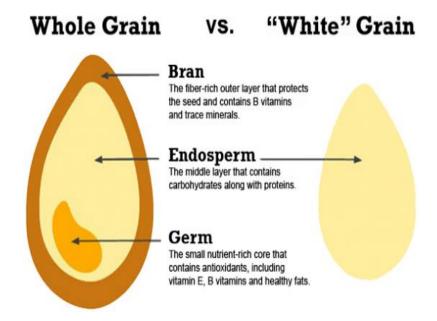
Importance of Whole Grains

Packed with essential vitamins and minerals

- B vitamins
- Iron, magnesium, selenium

High in fiber

- Promotes regularity
- Reduces cholesterol (LDL)
- Increases fullness



Aim for 3 or more servings daily

• 1 slice bread, 1/2 cup cooked rice/noodles, 1/2 cup oatmeal



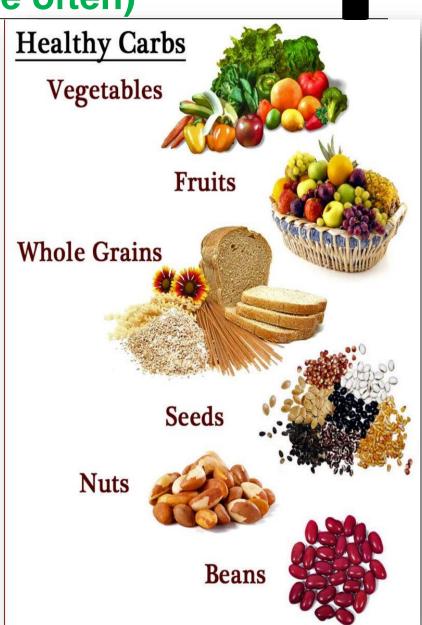




Go Carbs (choose more often)



- ✓ Non-starchy vegetables
 - ✓ Salads, carrots, broccoli, etc.
- ✓ Whole fruit, fruit cups, frozen fruit
- ✓ Whole wheat or bean pastas
- ✓ Whole grain breads (≥3 g fiber)
- ✓ Sprouted grain breads
- ✓ Oatmeal, cream of wheat
- ✓ Beans (black, kidney, etc.)
- ✓ Lentils
- ✓ Sweet or red potatoes
- ✓ Low-fat milk, yogurt or Kefir
- ✓ Quinoa, brown rice, wild rice





Whoa Carbs

(choose less often)



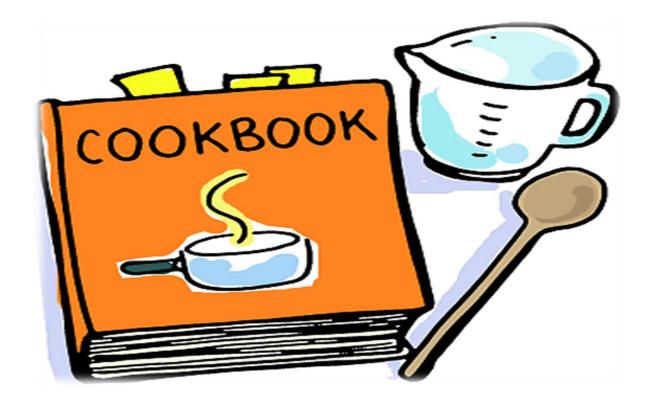
- ✓ Soda
- ✓ Energy drinks
- ✓ Flavored coffee drinks (cappuccino)
- ✓ Candy
- ✓ Cookies, cinnamon rolls, etc.
- ✓ Cakes, brownies, pies, fry bread, etc.
- ✓ Ice cream or sherbet
- ✓ Jello® or pudding
- ✓ French fries or onion rings
- ✓ Chips







Recipe Rehab





Heart Healthy Cooking

Reduce or eliminate salt in recipes.

· Replace salt with herbs, spices, or salt-free seasoning

Purchase unsalted or low-sodium ingredients.

Canned tomatoes, broth, beans, etc.

Rinse canned foods before cooking.

Veggies, beans, etc.



Trim white fat off meats and remove skin on chicken.

Serve a fruit and vegetable for side dishes.

Fiber and nutrition boost







Herb & Spice Pairing

Herb/Spice	Food
Rosemary	Chicken, soups, vegetables, bread, pasta
Cinnamon	Hot cereals, applesauce, fruit, pork, chili
Ginger	Chicken, fruit, squash, Chinese stir-fry
Cumin	Chili, tacos, stews, beans, hummus, chicken, beef, rice
Dill	Salads, most vegetables, potatoes, fish
Oregano	Tomatoes, potatoes, squash, asparagus
Paprika	Seafood, vegetables, eggs, chili
Cilantro	Meats, salsa, sauces, stews, rice
Turmeric	Salads, smoothies, eggs, rice, vegetables, pickles
Chives	Cottage cheese, eggs, salads, fish, soups, sauces

More Cooking Tips

Replace sour cream or condensed soups with Greek yogurt.

- Significantly reduces fat and calories
- 1:1 ratio



Try oatmeal instead of bread crumbs to bind meats.

Meatballs, meatloaf, hamburgers, etc.



Swap high fat ground meats for lean ground meats.

• 90/10, 95/5, 97/3



Incorporate whole grain rice or noodles in dishes.

Wild rice, quinoa, brown rice, whole wheat pasta, bean pasta, etc.





Heart Healthy Baking

Reduce sugar in desserts by 1/3 to 1/2.

Replace 1/2 sugar with a sugar substitute (stevia)

Replace oil with applesauce or pureed fruit.

1:1 ratio

Try whole wheat or oat flour.

Use filo dough for crusts.



Nuts = heart healthy fats

Use unrefined coconut oil to replace shortening.

1 cup shortening = ~3/4 cup coconut oil







More on Baking

Try tub margarines or oils to replace butter on occasion.

Smartbalance, Promise, canola oil, avocado oil, etc.

Use spices and extracts to add extra flavor.

Vanilla, cinnamon, allspice, nutmeg, cocoa, etc.

Replace full-fat cream cheese with Neufchatel 1/3 fat.

Blended cottage cheese can also replace cream cheese

Sub half of your eggs for egg whites.

2 egg whites = 1 whole egg



Add pureed black beans or pumpkin to your recipes.

- Black bean brownies, etc.
- Pumpkin puree mixed with a cake mix.





Full-Fat Cream Cheese - 8 oz.

- Calories = 800
- Fat = 71 g
- Saturated Fat = 48 g
- Protein = 16 g



Neufchatel Cream Cheese - 8 oz.

- Calories = 560
- Fat = 48 g
- Saturated Fat = 32 mg
- Protein = 16 g



Save 240 calories and 23 grams fat!



Full Fat Sour Cream - 8 oz.

- Calories = 480
- Fat = 40 g
- Saturated Fat = 28 g
- Protein = 8 g



Non-Fat Greek Yogurt - 8 oz.

- Calories = 120
- Fat = 0 g
- Saturated Fat = 0 mg
- Protein = 22 g



Save 360 calories and 40 grams fat!



Cream of Chicken Soup – 10.5 oz.

- Calories = 325
- Fat = 22.5 g
- Saturated Fat = 6 g
- Sodium = 2175 mg
- Protein = 5 g



Non-Fat Greek Yogurt – 10.5 oz.

- Calories = 120
- Fat = 0 g
- Saturated Fat = 0 mg
- Sodium 55 mg
- Protein = 22 g



Save 205 calories and 22.5 grams fat!



Garlic Salt – 1 Tbsp.

Sodium = 5880 mg

Garlic Powder – 1 Tbsp.

Sodium = 0





Save 5880 mg of sodium!





Sugar – 1 cup

- Calories = 775
- Sugar = 200 g



Stevia In The Raw – 1 Cup

- Calories = 0
- Sugar = 0 g



Save 775 calories and 200 grams sugar!



80/20 ground meat – 4 oz.

- Calories = 287
- Fat = 22 g
- Saturated Fat = 8.5 g
- Protein = 19 g



90/10 ground meat – 4 oz.

- Calories = 198
- Fat = 11 g
- Saturated Fat = 4 g
- Protein = 23 g



Save 89 calories and 11 grams fat!



Meal Planning Easy as 1, 2, 3





Balancing Meals

Include at Least 3 Food Groups:

Lean Protein

Chicken, lean beef, fish, eggs, dairy, etc...



Quality Carbohydrates

Sweet potatoes, whole grain breads, etc...



Fruit & Vegetables

Apples, greens, broccoli, berries, etc...



Healthy Fats

Nuts, olive oil, avocados, fish, etc...







Foods to Choose Less Often

Fried foods

Fries, chicken strips, chips, etc.



High fat meats

Greasy burgers, hot dogs, sausage, ribs, etc.

Dressing/dips

Ranch, mayonnaise, tartar, Alfredo, etc.

Sweets/desserts

Ice cream, pie, cakes, cookies, etc.

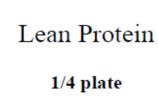






Include 3 Food Groups Per Meal



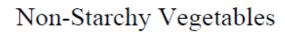


Quality Carbs 1/4 plate



Fruit

Servings/Day 2-3



1/2 plate





Healthy Fat

Servings/Day 5-6 tsp.



Go Lean

Lean red meats (look for "grass finished")

- Loin, tenderloin, round, eye of round, and flank cuts
- Lean ground meat (90/10, 95/5)
- Pork loin
- Trim excess white fat



Lean white meats



- Chicken or turkey breast (skinless)
- Lean ground turkey/chicken (90/10, 93/7, 95/5)
- Low-fat/sodium deli meat (turkey, ham, chicken etc.)
 - Nitrate/Nitrite free



Fish & Seafood

Include at least 1-2 times weekly

Choose non-breaded and non-fried types

- Tuna, salmon, cod, haddock, etc.
- Shrimp
- Oysters
- Crab
- Lobster





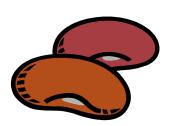
Meat Alternatives

Quick protein staples for meals or snacks

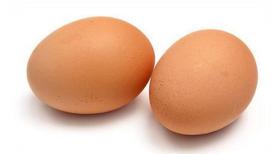
- Greek yogurt
- Soy yogurt
- Cottage cheese
- String cheese
- Kefir
- Low-fat milk
- Nut butters or nuts
- Edamame
- Tofu
- Beans (black, kidney, lentils, etc.)
- Eggs or liquid egg whites
- Salmon or tuna pouches
- Low-fat jerky (<3 g fat/serving)













Dairy/Dairy Alternatives

Aim for ~2-3 servings per day

One serving equivalents:

- 1 cup milk or milk alternative (soy, rice, etc.)
- 1 cup yogurt (plain or Greek)
- 1.5 oz. cheese (cheese stick)
- 1/3 cup shredded cheese
- 1 cup soy milk or almond milk



*Source of lean protein, quality carbs and calcium





Building Quality Meals

Breakfast:

- Egg white omelet with peppers (protein/vegetable)
- 1 cup berries (fruit)
- 1 cup cooked oatmeal (steel cut) (quality carb)
- ¼ cup walnuts (healthy fat/protein)

Lunch: (Turkey, cheese and veggie wrap)

- 3 oz. low-fat sliced turkey or chicken (protein)
- Sprouted grain wrap (quality carb)
- Salad greens, tomatoes, peppers (vegetable)
- 2 tangerines (fruit)
- 1 slice reduced-fat cheese (protein)

Dinner:

- ~4 oz. chicken breast or lean roast (protein)
- 1-2 cups stir-fry vegetables (vegetable)
- 1.5 cup bean pasta with olive oil (quality carb/healthy fat)
- 1 cup low-fat milk or Kefir (protein)











Heart Healthy Snacking

Sources of Quality Carbs

- Vegetables (carrots, peppers, etc.)
- Fruit (apples, banana orange, etc.)
- Sprouted grain breads or wraps
- Whole grain English muffins
- Dry cereals (<7-9 g sugar)
- Granola bars (<10 g sugar)
- Dried fruit (non-sugared)
- Whole grain crackers
- Popcorn
- Fig bars
- Sweet potatoes



Sources of Lean Protein & Healthy Fat

- Peanut butter
- Nuts & seeds
- Greek yogurt
- Hard boiled eggs
- Yogurt
- Milk or Kefir
- Cottage cheese, low-fat
- String cheese
- Lean jerky (<3 g fat/serving)
- Meal bars (Kind®, etc.)
- Hummus or guacamole
- Edamame







Sample Snacks

Snack 1:

- 1 small sweet potato
- 1-2 Tbsp. peanut butter or almond butter sweet potato topping



Snack 2:

- 3/4 cup cottage cheese
- 1 cup sliced peaches or diced pineapple



Snack 3:

- 1 string cheese wrapped in lean turkey or chicken
- 1 cup grapes
- 20-30 pistachios



Snack 4:

- 1 medium apple, diced
- 1 cup Kefir yogurt Pour kefir over the diced apples.
- 1/4 cup low-fat granola Sprinkle granola over Kefir and diced apples.







Recipe Websites

Allrecipes.com/recipes/healthy-recipes/

Diabetes.org

heart.org





Eatright.org/resources/food/planning-and-prep/recipes

Cookinglight.com



Cooking Light

fitmencook.com













Nutrition Appointment

If interested in scheduling a one-on-one appointment with a registered dietician, contact Nurse K.P. at

Kirkpatrick.Sedlacek@Bellin.org

This presentation is posted on www.foth.com/benefits

References

ChooseMyPlate.gov



